



Standard Specification for Carbon Steel, Alloy Steel, and Stainless Steel Nuts for Bolts for High Pressure or High Temperature Service, or Both¹

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This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification² covers a variety of carbon, alloy, and martensitic stainless steel nuts in the size range ¼ through 4 in. and metric M6 through M100 nominal. It also covers austenitic stainless steel nuts in the size range ¼ in. and M6 nominal and above. These nuts are intended for high-pressure or high-temperature service, or both. Grade substitutions without the purchaser's permission are not allowed.

1.2 Bars from which the nuts are made shall be hot-wrought. The material may be further processed by centerless grinding or by cold drawing. Austenitic stainless steel may be solution annealed or annealed and strain-hardened. When annealed and strain hardened austenitic stainless steel is ordered in accordance with Supplementary Requirement S1, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that 8.2.2, Supplementary Requirement S1, and Appendix X1 are thoroughly understood.

1.3 Supplementary requirements of an optional nature are provided. These shall apply only when specified in the inquiry, contract, and order.

1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and in SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable "M" specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

1.5 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

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² For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-194 in Section II of that code.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

- A153/A153M Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
- A276 Specification for Stainless Steel Bars and Shapes
- A320/A320M Specification for Alloy-Steel and Stainless Steel Bolting for Low-Temperature Service
- A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products
- A962/A962M Specification for Common Requirements for Bolting Intended for Use at Any Temperature from Cryogenic to the Creep Range
- B633 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel
- B695 Specification for Coatings of Zinc Mechanically Deposited on Iron and Steel
- B696 Specification for Coatings of Cadmium Mechanically Deposited
- B766 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Cadmium
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E566 Practice for Electromagnetic (Eddy Current) Sorting of Ferrous Metals
- F606 Test Methods for Determining the Mechanical Properties of Externally and Internally Threaded Fasteners, Washers, and Rivets (Metric) F0606_F0606M
- F1940 Test Method for Process Control Verification to Prevent Hydrogen Embrittlement in Plated or Coated Fasteners
- F1941 Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings on Threaded Fasteners (Metric) F1941_F1941M
- F2329 Specification for Zinc Coating, Hot-Dip, Requirements for Application to Carbon and Alloy Steel Bolts, Screws, Washers, Nuts, and Special Threaded Fasteners

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

2.2 ASME Standards:⁴

B 1.1 Unified Screw Threads

B 1.2 Gages and Gaging for Unified Inch Screw Threads

B 1.13M Metric Screw Threads

B 18.2.2 Square and Hex Nuts

B 18.2.4.6M Metric Heavy Hex Nuts

2.3 ISO Standards:⁵

4033 Hexagon High Nuts (Style 2) – Product A and B

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *Austenitic Grades*—All grades with a prefix of “8” or “9.”

3.1.2 *Ferritic Grades*—Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16.

3.1.3 *Lot*—Unless otherwise specified (see Discussion below), a lot is the quantity of nuts of a single nominal size and grade produced by the same manufacturing process.

3.1.3.1 *Discussion*—When Supplementary Requirement S5 is invoked on the purchase order, the following definitions of a lot shall apply:

3.1.3.2 *For Grade 8 Nuts*—The quantity of all the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat of steel and made by the same manufacturing process.

3.1.3.3 *For All Other Grade Nuts*—(see 8.2 and 8.1.2.1)—All the nuts of a single nominal diameter and grade made from the same heat number and heat treated in the same batch if batch-type heat treating equipment is used or heat treated in the same continuous run of not more than 8 h under the same conditions if continuous-type heat treating equipment is used.

3.1.4 Type:

3.1.4.1 *For Grade 8 Nuts*—Variations within the grade designated by a letter and differentiated by chemistry and by manufacturing process.

3.1.4.2 *For Grade 6 Nuts*—Variations within the grade designated by the letter F as differentiated by chemical additions made for machineability.

3.1.5 *Series*—The dimensional relationship and geometry of the nuts as described in ASME B 18.2.2 for inch nuts and ISO 4033 for metric nuts sizes M6 through M10 and ASME B 18.2.4.6M for nuts sizes M12 through M100.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 The inquiry and order for bolting material and bolting components under this specification shall include the following as required to describe the items adequately:

4.1.1 Specification designation, year date, and grade, issue date and revision letter,

4.1.2 Quantity, number of pieces,

4.1.3 Dimensions (see Section 9),

⁴ Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Two Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

⁵ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), 1, ch. de la Voie-Creuse, CP 56, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, <http://www.iso.org>.

4.1.4 Options in accordance with 8.2.2.1, 9.1, 9.2, 10.3, and 12, and

4.1.5 Supplementary Requirements, if any.

4.2 *Coatings*—Coatings are prohibited unless specified by the purchaser (see Supplementary Requirements S7 and S8). When coated nuts are ordered, the purchaser should take special care to ensure that Appendix X2 is thoroughly understood.

4.3 See Supplementary Requirement S3 for nuts to be used in low temperature applications (Specification A320/A320M).

4.4 *Proof Load Testing*—See Supplementary Requirement S9 for proof load testing of nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered in Tables 3 and 4.

5. Common Requirements

5.1 Bolting material and bolting components supplied to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A962/A962M, of which nuts are considered bolting components, as are bolts, studs, screws, and washers intended for use in special service applications. These requirements include test methods, finish, thread dimensions, marking, certification, optional supplementary requirements, and others. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A962/A962M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A962/A962M, this specification shall prevail.

6. Manufacture (Process)

6.1 Stainless steels for all types of Grade 6 and 8 nuts shall be made by one of the following processes:

6.1.1 Electric-furnace (with separate degassing and refining optional),

6.1.2 Vacuum induction furnace, or

6.1.3 Either of the above followed by electroslag remelting, or consumable-arc remelting.

6.2 The steel producer shall exercise adequate control to eliminate excessive unhomogeneity, nonmetallics, pipe, porosity, and other defects.

6.3 Grades 1 and 2 nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars.

6.3.1 All Grade 1 and 2 nuts shall be stress-relieved at a temperature of at least 1000 °F [538 °C] after forming or machining from bar with the following exceptions:

6.3.1.1 Nuts made by hot forging.

6.3.1.2 Nuts machined from hot-forged or hot-rolled bar.

6.3.1.3 Nuts machined from hot-forged/hot-rolled and cold-finished (max 10 % reduction in area) bar.

6.3.1.4 Nuts machined from cold-drawn and annealed (min 1000 °F [538 °C]) bar.

6.3.2 Grade 1 and 2 nuts made by hot forging or by machining from hot-forged or hot-rolled bars need not be stress relieved.

6.4 Grades 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, 7M, and 16 nuts shall be hot- or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and shall be heat treated to meet

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements^{A,B,C,D}

Grade Symbol	Material	UNS Number	Carbon, %	Manganese, %	Phosphorus, %	Sulfur, ^E %	Silicon, %	Chromium, %	Nickel, %	Molybdenum, %	Titanium, %	Columbium, %	Nitrogen, %	Other Elements, %
1	carbon		0.15 min	1.00	0.040	0.050	0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2, 2HM, and 2H	carbon		0.40 min	1.00	0.040	0.050	0.40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 ^G	carbon, molybdenum		0.40-0.50	0.70-0.90	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35	...	...	0.20-0.30	...	...	...	...
3	Type 501		0.10 min	1.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	4.0-6.0	...	0.40-0.65	...	...	...	...
6	Type 410	S41000	0.08-0.15	1.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	11.5-13.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
6F	Type 416	S41600	0.15	1.25	0.060	0.15 min	1.00	12.0-14.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
6F	Type 416Se	S41623	0.15	1.25	0.060	0.060	1.00	12.0-14.0	...	...	...	...	...	Selenium, 0.15 min
7, 7M	Type 4140/4142/4145, 4140H, 4142H, 4145H		0.38-0.48	0.75-1.0	0.035	0.04	0.15-0.35	0.80-1.10	...	0.15-0.25	...	...	...	...
8, 8A	Type 304	S30400	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	18.0-20.0	8.0-11.0	...	...	...	...	...
8C, 8CA	Type 347	S34700	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0-19.0	9.0-12.0	...	...	10 x carbon content, min 1.10	...	...
8CLN, 8CLNA	Type 347LN	S34751	0.005-0.020	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0-19.0	9.0-13.0	...	...	15 x carbon content, min	0.06-0.10	...
8M, 8MA	Type 316	S31600	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	16.0-18.0	10.0-14.0	2.00-3.00	...	...	...	...
8T, 8TA	Type 321	S32100	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0-19.0	9.0-12.0	...	...	...	0.10	...
8F, 8FA	Type 303	S30300	0.15	2.00	0.20	0.15 min	1.00	17.0-19.0	8.0-10.0	...	...	...	...	...
8F, 8FA	Type 303Se	S30323	0.15	2.00	0.20	0.06	1.00	17.0-19.0	8.0-10.0	...	...	...	...	...
8P, 8PA	Type 305	S30500	0.12	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	17.0-19.0	11.0-13.0	...	...	...	...	...
8N, 8NA	Type 304N	S30451	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	18.0-20.0	8.0-11.0	...	...	...	0.10-0.16	...
8LN, 8LNA	Type 304LN	S30453	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	18.0-20.0	8.0-11.0	...	...	...	0.10-0.16	...
8MN, 8MNA	Type 316N	S31651	0.08	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	16.0-18.0	10.0-13.0	2.00-3.00	...	...	0.10-0.16	...
8MLN, 8MLNA	Type 316LN	S31653	0.030	2.00	0.045	0.030	1.00	16.0-18.0	10.0-13.0	2.00-3.00	...	...	0.10-0.16	...
8R, 8RA ^F	XM19	S20910	0.06	4.0-6.0	0.045	0.030	1.00	20.5-23.5	11.5-13.5	1.50-3.00	...	0.10-0.30	0.20-0.40	Vanadium, 0.10-0.30
8S, 8SA	S31254	S21800	0.10	7.0-9.0	0.060	0.030	3.5-4.5	16.0-18.0	8.0-9.0	...	...	...	0.08-0.18	Copper, 0.50-1.00
8MLCuN, 8MLCuNA		S31254	0.020	1.00	0.030	0.010	0.80	19.5-20.5	17.5-18.5	6.0-6.5	...	...	0.18-0.22	Copper, 4.0-5.0
B8ML4CuN	S31730	S31730	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.010	1.00	17.0-19.0	15.0-16.5	3.0-4.0	...	...	0.045	Copper, 0.75
9C, 9CA	N08367	N08367	0.030	2.00	0.040	0.030	1.00	20.0-22.0	23.5-25.5	6.0-7.0	...	...	0.18-0.25	Copper, 0.75



TABLE 1 Continued

Grade Symbol	Material	UNS Number	Carbon, %	Manganese, %	Phosphorus, %	Sulfur, ^E %	Silicon, %	Chromium, %	Nickel, %	Molybdenum, %	Titanium, %	Columbium, %	Nitrogen, %	Other Elements, %
16	Chromium Molybdenum Vanadium		0.36-0.47	0.45-0.70	0.035	0.040	0.15-0.35	0.80-1.15	...	0.50-0.65	...	...	...	Vanadium, 0.25-0.35 Aluminum ^B 0.015

^A The intentional addition of Bi, Se, Te, and Pb is not permitted except for Grades 6F, 8F, and 8FA, in which Se is specified and required.

^B Total aluminum, soluble and insoluble.

^C Maximum, unless minimum or range is indicated.

^D Where ellipses (...) appear in this table there is no requirement and the element need not be determined or reported.

^E Because of the degree to which sulfur segregates, product analysis for sulfur over 0.060 % max is not technologically appropriate.

^F As described in Specification A276.

^G Grade 4 is expected to be withdrawn within approximately 2 years. Grade 7 is an acceptable substitute for Grade 4. See 7.2.

TABLE 2 Hardness Requirements^A

Grade and Type	Completed Nuts			Sample Nut after Treatment as in 8.1.5	
	Brinell Hardness	Rockwell Hardness		Brinell Hardness, min	Rockwell Hardness B Scale, min
		C Scale	B Scale		
1	121 min	...	70 min	121	70
2	159 to 352	...	84 min	159	84
2H to 1½ in. or M36, incl	248 to 327	24 to 35	...	179	89
2H over 1½ in. or M36	212 to 327	35 max	95 min	147	79
2HM and 7M	159 to 235	...	84 to 99	159	84
3, 4, 7, and 16	248 to 327	24 to 35	...	201	94
6 and 6F	228 to 271	20 to 28	...	...	...
8, 8C, 8CLN, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N,	126 to 300	32 max	60 min	...	...
8MN, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, 8ML4CuN, and 9C	...	...	...	...	...
8A, 8CA, 8CLNA, 8MA, 8TA, 8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA, 8LNA, 8MLNA, 8MLCuNA, 8ML4CuNA, and 9CA	126 to 192	...	60 to 90	...	...
8R, 8RA, 8S, and 8SA	183 to 271	25 max	88 min	...	...

^A Where ellipses (...) appear in this table there is no requirement.

the required mechanical properties. These grades shall be uniformly reheated to the proper austenitizing temperature (a group thus reheated being known as a quenching charge) and quenched under substantially uniform conditions for each quenching charge and tempered as shown below. Grades 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 7, and 7M shall be liquid quenched. Grades 6 and 6F shall be quenched in liquid or inert gas. Grade 16 shall be heated to a temperature range from 1700 to 1750 °F (925 to 955 °C) and oil quenched.

Grade	Minimum Tempering Temperature, °F	Minimum Tempering Temperature, °C
2H	850 [455]	
2HM	1150 [620]	
3	1050 [565]	
4	1100 [595]	
6 and 6F	1100 [595]	
7	1100 [595]	
7M	1150 [620]	
16	1200 [650]	

Nuts machined from bar heat treated in accordance with this specification need not be reheat-treated. For Grade 2HM and 7M nuts, a final stress relief shall be done at or above the minimum tempering temperature after all forming, machining, and tapping operations. This final stress relief may be the tempering operation.

6.4.1 Grade 6 and 6F nuts shall be tempered for a minimum of 1 h at the temperature.

6.5 Grades 8, 8C, 8CLN, 8M, 8T, 8F, 8P, 8N, 8MN, 8R, 8S, 8LN, 8MLN, 8MLCuN, 8ML4CuN, and 9C nuts shall be hot or cold forged, or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled or cold-drawn bars.

6.6 Grades 8A, 8CA, 8CLNA, 8MA, 8TA, 8FA, 8PA, 8NA, 8MNA, 8RA, 8SA, 8LNA, 8MLNA, 8MLCuNA, 8ML4CuNA, and 9CA nuts shall be hot- or cold-forged or shall be machined from hot-forged, hot-rolled, or cold-drawn bars and the nuts shall subsequently be carbide-solution treated by heating them for a sufficient time at a temperature to dissolve

chromium carbides followed by cooling at a rate sufficient to prevent reprecipitation of the carbides.

7. Chemical Composition

7.1 Each alloy shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in Table 1.

7.2 Grade 7 may be substituted for Grade 4. When such substitution is made, the nuts shall be marked as Grade 7.

8. Mechanical Requirements

8.1 Hardness Test:

8.1.1 Requirements:

8.1.1.1 All nuts shall meet the hardness requirements specified in Table 2.

8.1.1.2 Sample nuts of Grades 1, 2, 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 7, 7M, and 16 which have been given the treatment described in 8.1.5 shall meet the minimum hardness specified in Table 2.

8.1.2 Number of Tests—(Grades 1, 2, 2H, 3, 4, 7, and 16 and all types of Grade 6):

8.1.2.1 Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with the following table shall be performed by the manufacturer following all production heat treatments:

Lot Size	Samples
Up to 800	1
801 to 8000	2
8001 to 22 000	3
Over 22 000	5

8.1.2.2 In addition, a hardness test shall be performed by the manufacturer in accordance with 8.1.5 on one sample nut selected from each nominal diameter and series from each grade and heat number following completion of all production heat treatments.

8.1.3 Number of Tests, Grades 2HM and 7M:

8.1.3.1 Each nut shall be tested in accordance with either Specification A962/A962M or with Test Methods F606 to

TABLE 3 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Inch Series

NOTE 1—Proof loads are not design loads.

Nominal Size, in.	Threads per Inch	Stress Area in. ²	Proof Load, lbf ^A					
			Grade 1		Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F, 7M		Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16	
			Heavy Hex ^B	Hex ^C	Heavy Hex ^D	Hex ^E	Heavy Hex ^F	Hex ^G
1/4	20	0.0316	4 130	3 820	4 770	4 300	5 570	4 770
5/16	18	0.0524	6 810	6 290	7 860	7 070	9 170	7 860
3/8	16	0.0774	10 080	9 300	11 620	10 460	13 560	11 620
7/16	14	0.1063	13 820	12 760	15 940	14 350	18 600	15 940
1/2	13	0.1419	18 450	17 030	21 280	19 160	24 830	21 280
9/16	12	0.182	23 660	21 840	27 300	24 570	31 850	27 300
5/8	11	0.226	29 380	27 120	33 900	30 510	39 550	33 900
3/4	10	0.334	43 420	40 080	50 100	45 090	58 450	50 100
7/8	9	0.462	60 060	55 440	69 300	62 370	80 850	69 300
1	8	0.606	78 780	72 720	90 900	81 810	106 000	90 900
1 1/8	8	0.790	102 700	94 800	118 500	106 700	138 200	118 500
1 1/4	8	1.000	130 000	120 000	150 000	135 000	175 000	150 000
1 3/8	8	1.233	160 200	148 000	185 000	166 500	215 800	185 000
1 1/2	8	1.492	194 000	170 040	223 800	201 400	261 100	223 800

All Types of Grade 8, Grades 9C and 9CA					
		Heavy Hex ^H		Hex ^I	
1/4	20	0.0316	2 540	2 380	
5/16	18	0.0524	4 190	3 930	
3/8	16	0.0774	6 200	5 810	
7/16	14	0.1063	8 500	7 970	
1/2	13	0.1419	11 350	10 640	
9/16	12	0.182	14 560	13 650	
5/8	11	0.226	18 080	16 950	
3/4	10	0.334	26 720	25 050	
7/8	9	0.462	36 960	34 650	
1	8	0.606	48 480	45 450	
1 1/8	8	0.790	63 200	59 250	
1 1/4	8	1.000	80 000	75 000	
1 3/8	8	1.233	98 640	92 450	
1 1/2	8	1.492	119 360	111 900	

^A See limit for proof load test in 8.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

^B Based on proof stress of 130 000 psi.

^C Based on proof stress of 120 000 psi.

^D Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

^E Based on proof stress of 135 000 psi.

^F Based on proof stress of 175 000 psi.

^G Based on proof stress of 150 000 psi.

^H Based on proof stress of 80 000 psi.

^I Based on proof stress of 75 000 psi.

ensure product conformance. The use of 100 % electromagnetic testing for hardness as an alternative to 100 % indentation hardness testing is permissible when qualified by sampling using indentation hardness testing. Each lot tested for hardness electromagnetically shall be 100 % examined in accordance with Practice E566. Following electromagnetic testing for hardness, a random sample of a minimum of 100 pieces in each purchase lot (as defined in 3.1.3) shall be tested by indentation hardness methods. All samples must meet hardness requirements to permit acceptance of the lot. If any one sample is outside of the specified maximum or minimum hardness, the

lot shall be rejected and either reprocessed and resampled, or tested 100 % by indentation hardness methods.

8.1.3.2 In addition, 8.1.2.2 shall be met.

8.1.4 *Number of Tests, All Types of Grade 8*—Tests on the number of sample nuts in accordance with 8.1.2.1 shall be performed by the manufacturer.

8.1.5 *Test 2*—In addition to the testing required by 8.1.2.1 the manufacturer shall also perform hardness tests on sample nuts after the following test heat treatment. After completion of

TABLE 4 Proof Load Using Threaded Mandrel — Metric

NOTE 1—Proof loads are not design loads.

Nominal Size, mm	Threads Pitch	Stress Area mm ²	Proof Load, kN ^A					
			Grade 1		Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F, 7M		Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16	
			Heavy Hex ^B	Hex ^C	Heavy Hex ^D	Hex ^E	Heavy Hex ^F	Hex ^G
M6	1.0	20.1	18.0	16.6	20.8	18.7	29.2	20.8
M8	1.25	36.6	32.8	30.2	37.9	34.0	44.1	37.9
M10	1.50	58.0	51.9	47.9	60.0	53.9	69.9	60.0
M12	1.75	84.3	75.5	69.5	87.3	78.4	101.6	87.3
M14	2.0	115.0	102.9	94.9	119.0	107.0	138.6	119.0
M16	2.0	157.0	140.5	129.5	162.5	146.0	189.2	162.5
M20	2.5	245.0	219.3	202.1	253.6	227.8	295.2	253.6
M22	2.5	303.0	271.2	249.9	313.6	281.8	365.1	313.6
M24	3.0	353.0	315.9	291.2	365.4	328.3	425.4	365.4
M27	3.0	459.0	411.0	378.7	475.1	426.9	553.4	475.1
M30	3.5	561.0	502.1	462.8	580.6	521.7	676.0	580.6
M36	4.0	817.0	731.2	674.0	845.6	759.8	984.5	845.6

Nominal Size, mm	Thread Pitch	All Types of Grade 8, and Grades 9C and 9CA		
		Stress Area, mm ²	Heavy Hex ^H	Hex ^I
		M6	1.0	20.1	11.1	10.4
M8	1.25	36.6	20.1	18.8
M10	1.50	58.0	31.9	29.9
M12	1.75	84.3	46.4	43.4
M14	2.0	115.0	63.3	59.2
M16	2.0	157.0	86.4	80.9
M20	2.5	245.0	134.8	126.2
M22	2.5	303.0	166.7	156.0
M24	3.0	353.0	194.2	181.8
M27	3.0	459.0	252.5	236.4
M30	3.5	561.0	308.6	288.9
M36	4.0	817.0	449.4	420.8

^A See limit for proof load test in 8.2.2.1. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

^B Based on proof stress of 895 MPa.

^C Based on proof stress of 825 MPa.

^D Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

^E Based on proof stress of 930 MPa.

^F Based on proof stress of 1205 MPa.

^G Based on proof stress of 1035 MPa.

^H Based on proof stress of 550 MPa.

^I Based on proof stress of 515 MPa.

all production heat treatments heat the specimen nuts to the temperatures indicated below for 24 h, then slow cool. Test at room temperature.

Grade ^A	Temperature, °F [°C]
1	850 [455]
2, 2H, 2HM	1000 [540]
3, 4, 7, 7M	1100 [590]
16	1200 [650]

^ANuts intended to be coated with zinc or cadmium (marked in accordance with the requirements of Supplementary Requirement S8) are not subjected to the requirements of 8.1.5 (See Appendix X2).

8.1.5.1 *Special Requirement, Grades 2HM and 7M*—Preparation of Grades 2HM and 7M nuts for hardness test and the hardness test itself shall be performed with consideration to (1) protect legibility of markings; (2) minimize exterior dimensional changes; and (3) maintain thread fit.

8.2 Proof Load Test:

8.2.1 *Requirements*—The nuts listed in Tables 3 and 4 shall be capable of withstanding the proof loads specified therein. Proof load testing of nuts manufactured to dimensions and

configurations other than those covered in Table 3 or Table 4 is only required when S9 is specified in the order or inquiry.

8.2.2 Number of Tests:

8.2.2.1 The manufacturer shall test the number of nuts specified in 8.1.2.1 following all production heat treatments. Nuts that would require a proof load in excess of 160 000 lb/f or 705 kN shall, unless Supplementary Requirements S1 or S4 are invoked in the purchase order or contract, be proof load tested per Section 8 or cross sectional hardness tested per Annex A3 of Test Methods and Definitions A370. Proof Load tests prevail over hardness tests in the event a conflict exists relative to minimum strength.

8.2.3 *Test Method*—The test shall be run using a threaded mandrel or a test bolt in accordance with Specification A962/A962M.

8.3 Cone Proof Load Test:

8.3.1 *Requirements*—This test shall be performed only when visible surface discontinuities become a matter of issue between the manufacturer and the purchaser. Nuts in the size range ¼ to 1½ in. inclusive and M6 to M36 inclusive shall be proof load tested. Nuts not in this size range and all types of

Grade 8 nuts are not subject to this test. Also, nuts manufactured to dimensions and configurations other than those covered by Specification **A962/A962M**, ASME B 1.1, ASME B 1.13M, ASME B 18.2.2, ASME B 18.2.4.6M, and ISO 4033 are not subject to the cone proof load test. The cone proof load applied shall be determined in accordance with the Cone Proof Load requirements in Specification **A962/A962M** (tables or formulae or both) based upon the proof stresses shown in **Table 5** and **Table 6** of Specification A194/A194M.

8.3.2 *Number of Tests*—The manufacturer shall sample and test the number of nuts specified in **8.1.2.1**. The lot shall be considered acceptable if the sample nut(s) withstand(s) application of the cone proof load without failure.

9. Dimensions

9.1 Nuts shall be hexagonal in shape, and in accordance with the dimensions for the hex or heavy hex series, as required, by ASME B 18.2.2, ASME B 18.2.4.6M, and ISO 4033. Unless otherwise specified, the American National Standard Heavy Hex Series shall be used and nuts shall be either double chamfered or have a machined or forged washer face, at the option of the manufacturer, and, conform to the angularity requirements of ASME B 18.2.2, ASME B 18.2.4.6M, and ISO 4033.

9.2 Unless otherwise specified, threads shall be in accordance with ASME B 1.1 or ASME B 1.13M, and shall be gauged in accordance with ASME B 1.2 and ASME B 1.13M as described in **9.2.1** and **9.2.2**.

9.2.1 Nuts up to and including 1 in. nominal size shall be UNC Series Class 2B fit. Metric nuts up to and including M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

9.2.2 Nuts over 1 in. nominal size shall be either UNC Series Class 2B fit or 8 UN Series Class 2B fit. Unless otherwise specified, the 8 UN series shall be furnished. Metric nuts over M24 nominal size shall be coarse thread series tolerance 6H.

10. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

10.1 Nuts shall be free of defects and shall be good commercial finish.

10.2 If visible surface imperfections in size ¼ through 1½ in. and M6 through M36 and in any grade other than Grade 8 become a matter of issue between the manufacturer and the purchaser, the cone proof load test described in **8.3** shall be employed.

10.3 If a scale-free bright finish is required, this shall be specified on the purchase order.

11. Retests

11.1 Provisions for retests by the purchaser and his representative are specified in Supplementary Requirement S2.

12. Certification

12.1 In addition to the requirements of Specification **A962/A962M**, the certification shall include the results of the chemical analysis, macroetch examination (Carbon and Alloy Steels Only), mechanical tests, and the minimum tempering temperature for nuts of Grades 2H, 2HM, 3, 4, 6, 6F, 7, and 7M.

13. Product Marking

13.1 In addition to the requirements of Specification **A962/A962M**, nuts shall be legibly marked on one face with marking representing the grade, type, and applicable manufacturing process shown in **Table 7**. Marking of wrench flats or bearing surfaces is not permitted unless agreed upon between manufacturer and purchaser.

14. Keywords

14.1 bolting; chemical analysis; coated; marking on bolting components; nuts; plated

TABLE 5 Proof Stress Using 120° Hardened Steel Cone — Inch

Type	Grade 1	Proof Stress — psi, Minimum	
		Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F & 7M	Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, & 16
Hex	120 000	135 000	150 000
Heavy Hex	130 000	150 000	175 000

TABLE 6 Proof Stress Using 120° Hardened Steel Cone — Metric

Type	Proof Stress – MPa, Minimum		
	Grade 1	Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F & 7M	Grades 2H 3, 4, 7, & 16
Hex	825	930	1035
Heavy Hex	895	1035	1205

TABLE 7 Marking of Nuts^A

Grade and Type	Nuts Hot-Forged or Cold-Punched	Nuts Machined from Bar Stock	Nuts Manufactured in Accordance with 6.6
1	1	1B	...
2	2	2B	...
2H ^B	2H	2HB	...
2HM ^{B,C}	2HM	2HMB	...
3	3	3B	...
4	4	4B	...
4L ^D	4L	4BL	...
6	6	6B	...
6F	6F	6FB	...
7	7	7B	...
7L ^D	7L	7BL	...
7M ^{B,C}	7M	7MB	...
7ML ^{B,D}	7ML	7MLB	...
8	8	8B	8A
8C	8C	8CB	8CA
8CLN	8CLN	8CLNB	8CLNA
8M	8M	8MB	8MA
8T	8T	8TB	8TA
8F	8F	8FB	8FA
8P	8P	8PB	8PA
8N	8N	8NB	8NA
8MN	8MN	8MNB	8MNA
8R	8R	8RB	8RA
8S	8S	8SB	8SA
8LN	8LN	8LNB	8LNA
8MLN	8MLN	8MLNB	8MLNA
8MLCuN	8MLCuN	8MLCuNB	8MLCuNA
8ML4CuN	8ML4CuN	8ML4CuNB	8ML4CuNA
9C	9C	9CB	9CA
16	16	16B	

^AWhere ellipses (...) appear in this table there is no requirement.
^BThe letters H and M indicate heat-treated nuts (see Section 6).
^CAn underline as a marking requirement for grades 2HM and 7M has been removed but is permitted.
^DSee Supplementary Requirement S3.

SUPPLEMENTARY REQUIREMENTS

One or more of the following supplementary requirements shall be applied only when specified by the purchaser in the inquiry, contract, or order. Details of these supplementary requirements shall be agreed upon in writing by the manufacturer and purchaser. Supplementary requirements shall in no way negate any requirement of the specification itself.

S1. Strain-Hardened Austenitic Steel Nuts

S1.1 Strain hardened Grades 8, 8C, 8T, 8M, 8F, 8P, 8N, or 8MN nuts may be specified. When Supplementary Requirement S1 is invoked in the order, nuts shall be machined from cold drawn bars or shall be cold forged to shape. No subsequent heat treatment shall be performed on the nuts. Nuts made

in accordance with this requirement shall be proof load tested in accordance with 8.2.2.1 and shall withstand the proof load specified in Table S1.1 and Table S1.2. Testing nuts requiring proof loads over 160 000 lbf or 705 kN is only required when Supplementary Requirement S4 is invoked. The hardness limits of Table 2 do not apply to strain hardened nuts. Nuts

TABLE S1.1 Proof Load Testing of Strain Hardened Nuts Using Threaded Mandrel — Inch Series

NOTE 1—Proof loads are not design loads.

Nominal Size, in.	Threads per in.	Stress Area, in. ²	Proof Load, lbf ^A			
			Grade 8M (strain hardened)	Grade 8M (strain hardened)	All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened)	All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened)
			Heavy Hex ^B	Hex ^C	Heavy Hex ^D	Hex ^B
1/4	20	0.0316	3 480	3 160	3 950	3 480
5/16	18	0.0523	5 760	5 240	6 550	5 760
3/8	16	0.0774	8 510	7 740	9 675	8 510
7/16	14	0.1063	11 690	10 630	13 290	11 690
1/2	13	0.1419	15 610	14 190	17 740	15 610
9/16	12	0.182	20 020	18 200	22 750	20 020
5/8	11	0.226	24 860	22 600	28 250	24 860
3/4	10	0.334	36 740	33 400	41 750	36 740
7/8	9	0.462	46 200	41 580	53 130	46 200
1	8	0.606	60 600	54 540	69 690	60 600
1 1/8	8	0.790	75 050	67 150	82 950	75 050
1 1/4	8	1.000	95 000	85 000	105 000	95 000
1 3/8	8	1.233	110 970	98 640	123 300	110 970
1 1/2	8	1.492	134 280	119 360	149 200	134 280

^A The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated value.

^B Based on proof stress of 110 000 psi up to 3/4 in.; 100 000 psi 7/8 to 1 in.; 95 000 psi 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 in.; 90 000 psi 1 3/8 to 1 1/2 in.

^C Based on proof stress of 100 000 psi up to 3/4 in.; 90 000 psi 7/8 to 1 in.; 85 000 psi 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 in.; 80 000 psi 1 3/8 to 1 1/2 in.

^D Based on proof stress of 125 000 psi up to 3/4 in.; 115 000 psi 7/8 to 1 in.; 105 000 psi 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 in.; 100 000 psi 1 3/8 to 1 1/2 in.

TABLE S1.2 Proof Load Testing of Strain Hardened Nuts Using Threaded Mandrel—Metric

NOTE 1—Proof loads are not design loads.

Nominal Size, mm	Thread Pitch	Stress Area, mm ²	Proof Load, kN ^A			
			Grade 8M (strain hardened)	Grade 8M (strain hardened)	All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened)	All Other Types of Grade 8 (strain hardened)
			Heavy Hex ^B	Hex ^C	Heavy Hex ^D	Hex ^B
M6	1.0	20.1	15.3	13.9	17.3	15.3
M8	1.25	36.6	27.8	25.3	31.3	27.8
M10	1.50	58.0	44.1	40.0	49.9	44.1
M12	1.75	84.3	64.1	58.2	72.5	64.1
M14	2.0	115.0	87.4	79.4	98.9	87.4
M16	2.0	157.0	119.3	108.3	135.0	119.3
M20	2.5	245.0	186.2	169.0	210.9	186.2
M22	2.5	303.0	209.0	187.9	240.9	209.0
M24	3.0	353.0	243.5	218.9	280.6	243.5
M27	3.0	459.0	300.6	268.5	332.7	300.6
M30	3.5	561.0	367.5	328.2	406.7	367.5
M36	4.0	817.0	506.5	449.4	563.7	506.5

^A The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated value.

^B Based on proof stress of 760 MPa up to M20 mm; 690 MPa M22 to M24 mm; 655 MPa M27 to M30; and 620 MPa for M36.

^C Based on proof stress of 690 MPa up to M20 mm; 620 MPa M22 to M24 mm; 585 MPa M27 to M30; and 550 MPa for M36.

^D Based on proof stress of 860 MPa up to M20 mm; 795 MPa M22 to M24 mm; 725 MPa M27 to M30 mm; and 690 MPa for M36.

made in accordance with this requirement shall be marked with the Grade symbol underlined.

S2. Retests by Purchaser's Representative

S2.1 The purchaser's representative may select two nuts per keg (200-lb unit [90-kg]) for sizes 5/8 in. and M16 and smaller, one nut per keg for sizes over 5/8 in. and M16 up to and including 1 1/2 in. and M36, and one nut per every two kegs for

sizes larger than 1 1/2 in. and M36, which shall be subjected to the tests specified in Section 8.

S3. Low-Temperature Requirements for Grade 4, Grade 7 or Grade 7M Nuts

S3.1 When low-temperature requirements are specified for Grade 4 or Grade 7 nuts, the Charpy test procedures and requirements as defined in Specification **A320/A320M** for

Grade L7 shall apply. When low-temperature requirements are specified for Grade 7M nuts, the Charpy test procedures and requirements as defined in Specification **A320/A320M** for Grade L7M shall apply. Charpy specimens may be taken from a sample nut, nut blank, or may be taken from separate test samples of the same heat processed through heat treatment with the nuts for which the test is to apply. Impact testing is not required when the bar stock or nut is smaller than $\frac{5}{8}$ in. [16 mm] in diameter.

S3.2 An “L” shall be added to the marking, as shown in **Table 7**, for nuts so tested.

S4. Proof Load Tests of Large Nuts

S4.1 Proof load testing of nuts requiring proof loads of over 160 000 lbf or 705 kN is required. Testing shall be performed in accordance with **8.2** to the loads required in **Table S4.1** and **Table S4.2**. The maximum load will be based entirely on the equipment available.

S5. Control of Product by Heat Number

S5.1 When control of nuts by actual heat analysis is required and this supplementary requirement is specified, the manufacturer shall identify the completed nuts in each shipment by the actual heat number. When this supplementary requirement is specified, a certificate including the results of the actual production tests of each test lot together with the heat chemical analysis shall be furnished by the manufacturer.

S6. Grain Size Requirements for Non H Grade Austenitic Steels Used Above 1000 °F

S6.1 For design metal temperatures above 1000 °F [540 °C], the material shall have a grain size of No. 7 or coarser as determined in accordance with Test Methods **E112**. The grain size so determined shall be reported on the Certificate of Test.

S7. Coating on Nuts

S7.1 It is the purchaser’s responsibility to specify in the purchase order all information required by the coating facility. Examples of such information may include but are not limited to the following:

S7.1.1 Reference to the appropriate coating specification and type, thickness, location, modification to dimensions, and hydrogen embrittlement relief.

NOTE S7.1—Modification of thread dimensions may result in loss of load carrying ability.

S7.1.2 Reference to Specifications **A153/A153M**, **B633**, **B695**, **B696**, **B766**, **F1941**, **F2329**, or Test Method **F1940**, or other standards.

S8. Marking Coated Nuts

S8.1 Nuts coated with zinc shall have ZN marked after the grade symbol. Nuts coated with cadmium shall have CD marked after the grade symbol.

NOTE S8.1—As an example, the marking for zinc-coated 2H bolting components will now be 2HZN rather than 2H*.

S9. Proof Load Testing

S9.1 Proof load tests of nuts made to dimensions, thread pitch, and configurations other than those covered in **Table 3** or **Table 4** shall be made using loads agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

S10. 100 % Hardness Testing of Grade 2HM and 7M

S10.1 Each nut shall be tested for hardness by indentation method and shall meet the requirements specified in **Table 2**.

TABLE S4.1 Proof Load for Large Heavy Hex Nuts — Inch^A

Nominal Size, in.	Threads per in.	Stress Area, in. ²	Proof Load, lbf ^B		
			Grade 1 Heavy Hex	Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F, 7M Heavy Hex	Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 Heavy Hex
1 $\frac{5}{8}$	8	1.78	231 400	267 000	311 500
1 $\frac{3}{4}$	8	2.08	270 400	312 000	364 000
1 $\frac{7}{8}$	8	2.41	313 300	361 500	421 800
2	8	2.77	360 100	415 500	484 800
2 $\frac{1}{4}$	8	3.56	462 800	534 000	623 000
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	8	4.44	577 200	666 000	777 000
2 $\frac{3}{4}$	8	5.43	705 900	814 500	950 250

^A ASME B18.2.2 in the size range over 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. provides dimensions only for heavy hex nuts. Refer to **8.3.1**.

^B Proof loads for nuts of larger dimensions or other thread series may be calculated by multiplying the thread stress area times the proof stress in the notes to **Table 3** or **Table S1.1**. The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

TABLE S4.2 Proof Load for Large Heavy Hex Nuts — Metric^A

Nominal Size, mm	Thread Pitch	Stress Area, mm ²	Proof Load, kN ^B		
			Grade 1 Heavy Hex	Grades 2, 2HM, 6, 6F, 7M Heavy Hex	Grades 2H, 3, 4, 7, 16 Heavy Hex
M42	4.5	1120	1002.4	1159.2	1349.6
M48	5	1470	1315.7	1521.4	1771.4
M56	5.5	2030	1816.9	2101.0	2446.2
M64	6	2680	2398.6	2773.8	3229.4
M72	6	3460	3096.7	3581.1	4169.3

^A ASME B 18.2.4.6M in the size range over M36 provides dimensions only for heavy hex nuts. Refer to 7.3.1.

^B Proof loads for nuts of larger dimensions or other thread series may be calculated by multiplying the thread stress area times the proof stress in the notes to [Table 4](#) or [Table S1.2](#). The proof load for jam nuts shall be 46 % of the tabulated load.

APPENDIXES

(Nonmandatory Information)

X1. STRAIN HARDENING OF AUSTENITIC STEELS

X1.1 Strain hardening is the increase in strength and hardness that results from plastic deformation below the recrystallization temperature (cold work). This effect is produced in austenitic stainless steels by reducing oversized bars to the desired final size by cold drawing or other process. The degree of strain hardening achievable in any alloy is limited by its strain hardening characteristics. In addition, the amount of strain hardening that can be produced is further limited by the variables of the process, such as the total amount of cross-

section reduction, die angle and bar size. In large diameter bars, for example, plastic deformation will occur principally in the outer regions of the bar, so that the increased strength and hardness due to strain hardening is achieved predominantly near the surface of the bar. That is, the smaller the bar, the greater the penetration of strain hardening. Thus, the mechanical properties of a given strain hardened bolting component are dependent not just on the alloy, but also on the size of bar from which it is machined.

X2. COATINGS AND APPLICATION LIMITS

X2.1 Use of coated bolting components at temperatures above approximately one-half the melting point (Fahrenheit or Celsius) of the coating is not recommended unless consideration is given to the potential for liquid and solid metal embrittlement, or both. The melting point of elemental zinc is approximately 780 °F [415 °C]. Therefore, application of zinc

coated bolting components should be limited to temperatures less than 390 °F [210 °C]. The melting point of cadmium is approximately 600 °F [320 °C]. Therefore, application of cadmium coated bolting components should be limited to temperatures less than 300 °F [160 °C].

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A194/A194M–15a, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved May 1, 2016)

(1) Revised [6.3.1](#) and [6.3.2](#).

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A194/A194M–15, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved November 1, 2015)

(1) Changed the word “fastener” to “bolting component” in accordance with the definitions of the common requirements of Specification in [5.1](#), [14](#), Supplement S8.1, and [X1.1](#) and [X2.1](#).

(2) Revised [13.1](#) and [Table 7](#) title for clarity.

Committee A01 has identified the location of selected changes to this specification since the last issue, A194/A194M–14a, that may impact the use of this specification. (Approved June 1, 2015)



(1) Title of Specification was changed to include “Stainless Steel.”

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